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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/650,897	08/28/2003	Kouji Yamada	4041K-000150	8694
27572	7590 04/18/2007	EXAMINER		
HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C. P.O. BOX 828			MORILLO, JANELL COMBS	
BLOOMFIEL	D HILLS, MI 48303		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1742	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/18/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/650,897	YAMADA ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Janelle Combs-Morillo	1742		

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	Janelle Combs-Morillo	1742			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress		
THE REPLY FILED 04 April 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.			
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c	idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)		
a) \square The period for reply expires $\underline{5}$ months from the mailing date					
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.					
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origi r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The approprince in the final Office in the final Offic	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as		
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).					
AMENDMENTS					
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); 					
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in being appeal; and/or			the issues for		
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> . (See 37 CFR 1.1		ected claims.	•		
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		maliant Amandment	(DTOL 224)		
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)	·	mpliant Amendment	,P10L-324).		
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the		
non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a)		ll be entered and an e	explanation of		
how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	vided below or appended.				
Claim(s) allowed:					
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>2,4,6,18-22,24 and 25</u> .					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>8-11,13,14 and 2</u> .	<u>3</u> .	•			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE					
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	t before or on the date of filing a No d sufficient reasons why the affidav	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> it or other evidence is	t be entered necessary and		
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fai	Is to provide a		
10. 🗌 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.					
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application ir	n condition for allowar	nce because:		
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)				
13. Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
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Continuation Sheet (PTO-303)

Continuation of 3. NOTE: the addition of function language (in order to inhibit casting defects which are attributed to molten hydrogen gas in the alloy casting has not previously been claimed and would require further consideration.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's argument that the present invention is allowable over the prior art of record because the prior art does not add a 'second additive element' for the same reason as the instant invention has not been found persuasive. The prior art of Sperry combined with Rogers teaches an overlapping Al-Si-Mg-Ag-Cu-Fe-Mn alloy with added eutectic/microstructure modifier (see Final Rejection for details). Though the prior art does not specify casting defects are inhibited (which applicant argues is the problem which the instant invention addresses), it is unclear that the instant alloy exhibits an unexpectedly low degree of defects compared to the (overlapping) modified alloy taught by the prior art.

When the Examiner has established a prima facie obviousness, the burden then shifts to the applicant to rebut. In re Dillon, 919 F.2d 688, 692, 16 USPQ2d 1897, 1901 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (en banc). Rebuttal may take the form of "a comparison of test data showing that the claimed compositions possess unexpectedly improved properties... that the prior art does not have, that the prior art is so deficient that there is no motivation to make what might otherwise appear to be obvious changes, or any other argument.. that is pertinent." Id. at 692-93; USPQ2d 1901. Applicant has not directed the examiner to evidence of unexpected results.

Applicant's argument that the present invention is allowable over the prior art of record because the examiner picks and chooses from the prior art references isolated elements has not been found persuasive. The addition of a modifier (taught by secondary reference of Rogers) is conventional in the art of Al-Si casting alloys, and motivated for the reasons stated in the Final Rejection. Though applicant adds Sr, K, or RE elements for a different reason than the prior art, the prior art alloy (properly combined as discussed above) still teaches an overlapping alloy product, and applicant has not shown unexpected results achieved by the particular alloying ranges as claimed..

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